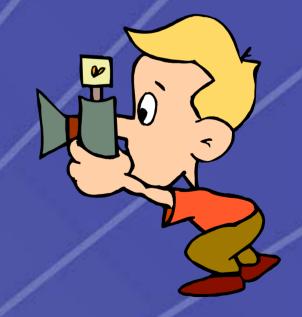
Public Health Practice and Performance

The Mational Picture

Liza Corso Public Health Practice Program Office, CDC





Overview

- Core Functions
- APEXPH
- **Essential Public Health Services**
- **NPHPSP**
- **MAPP**
- Connections to other initiatives





Timeline



March 1991

July 1994

Nov 1996

Jan 1998 2001

Feb

June 2002

IOM Report 3 Core Functions

> APEX*PH* released

Essential Services released

Begin development of NPHPSP

> Release **MAPP**

Begin development of APEXCPH / MAPP

Launch **NPHPSP**



1988 Institute of Medicine (IOM) Report

- Public health "assuring conditions in which people can be healthy"
- Identified three core functions
 - Assessment
 - Assurance
 - Policy Development
- Focused attention on governmental public health



APEXPH

- Assessment Protocol for Excellence in Public Health
- Developed by NACHO and CDC
- Focused on local health departments
- To address the "assessment" core function
- APEXPH '98 (software) released in 1998





Components of APEXPH



Part I - Organizational Capacity Assessment

Helps LHDs assess and improve their organizational capacity

Part II - The Community Process

Community health assessment and planning process

Part III - Completing the Cycle

Ensures that Part I and Part II are effectively carried out and evaluated



Use of APEXPH



1995 NACCHO Survey

- Over 40% of all 3,000 LHDs have "used" APEXPH
- Of these, 37% used Part I
- Of these, 87% would recommend Part I
- Indicated need for a new tool "the next generation of APEXPH"



Essential Public Health Services

- Developed by the Core Public Health Functions Steering Committee (1994)
 - Included reps from national organizations and federal agencies
 - Charge: To provide a description and definition of public health







Vision:

Healthy People in Healthy Communities

Mission:

Promote Physical and Mental Health and Prevent Disease, Injury, and Disability

Discuse, Injury, and Disability

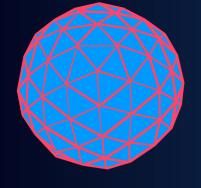


The Essential Public Health Services

- 1. Monitor health status
- 2. Diagnose and investigate health problems
- 3. Inform and educate
- 4. Mobilize communities to address health problems
- Develop policies and plans

- Enforce laws and regulations
- 7. Link people to needed health services
- Assure a competent health services workforce
- 9. Evaluate health services
- 10. Conduct research for new innovations



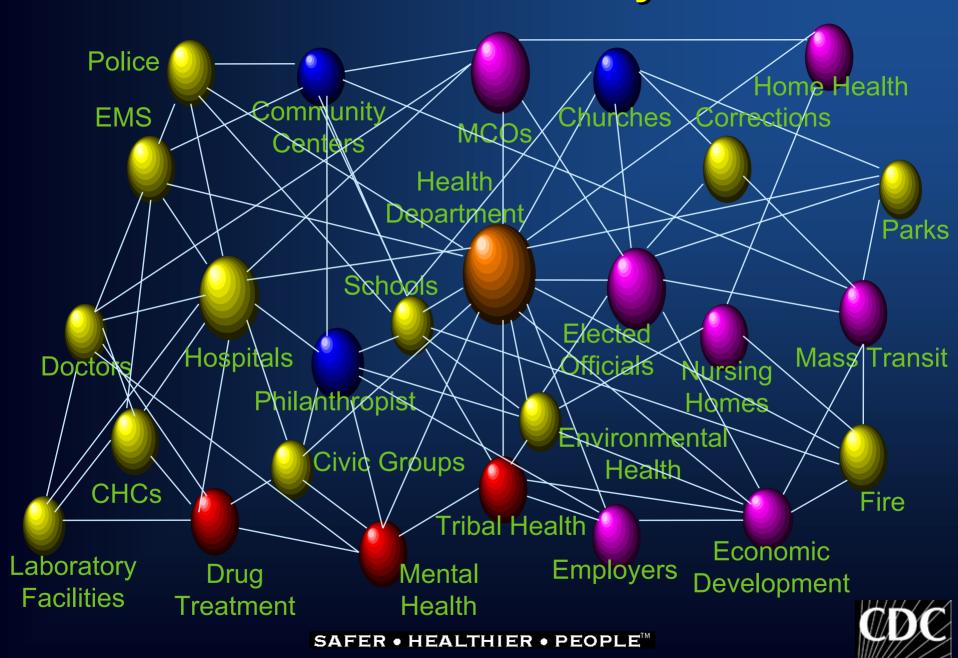


Who Provides?

- More than just the public health agency
- "Public health system"
 - All public, private, and voluntary entities that contribute to the delivery of public health services within a jurisdiction.
 - A network of entities with differing roles, relationships, and interactions.
 - All entities contribute to the health and well-being of the community.



The Public Health System



Putting the Essential Services into Practice

National Public Health Performance Standards Program (NPHPSP)

Mobilizing for Action through Planning and Partnerships (MAPP)



National Public Health Performance Standards Program (NPHPSP)

A partnership effort to improve the practice of public health

and

the performance of public health systems



NPHPSP Vision and Goals



- To improve the quality of public health practice and performance of public health systems by:
- 1. Providing performance standards for public health systems and encouraging their widespread use;
- Engaging and leveraging national, state, and local partnerships to build a stronger foundation for public health preparedness;
- 3. Promoting continuous quality improvement of public health systems; and
- 4. Strengthening the science base for public health practice improvement.

Partners

- CDC Overall lead for coordination
- ASTHO Develop & test state instrument
- NACCHO Develop & test local instrument
- NALBOH Develop & test govern. instrument
- APHA –Marketing & communications
- PHF- Research activities
- NNPHI Support through institutes

















History

- Began in 1998
- Partnership effort between CDC and five national public health organizations
 - APHA, ASTHO, NACCHO, NALBOH, PHF
 - Numerous working groups
- **Extensive Field Testing**
 - TX, FL, HI, MO, OH, MN, MS, NY, MA
- National launch in June 2002





The Assessment Instruments

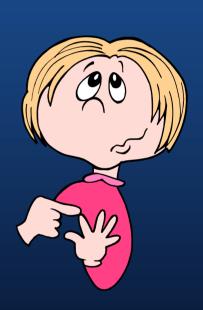
- State public health system
- Local public health system
- Local governance
- International





Four Concepts Applied in NPHPS

- 1. Based on the ten Essential Public Health Services
- 2. Focus on the overall public health system
- Describe an optimal level of performance
- 4. Support a process of quality improvement





MAPP

- Mobilizing for Action through Planning and Partnerships (MAPP)
- Developed by NACCHO and CDC
- Development began in 1996, released in 2001
- Community strategic planning tool
- Web-based tool www.naccho.org





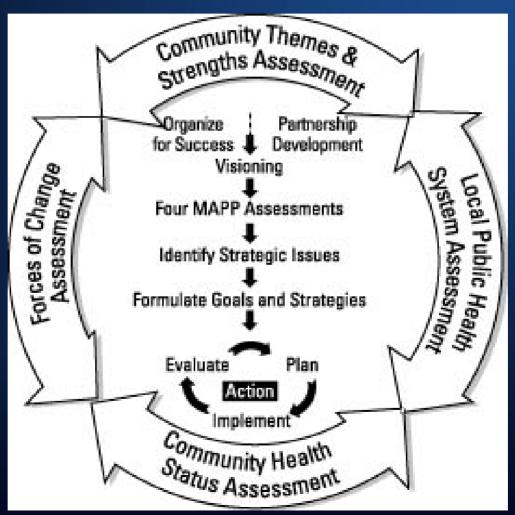
The MAPP Process...

- Is based on traditional strategic planning concepts
- Shifts focus from organization to entire local public health system
- Assures the delivery of the Essential Services
- Should be community-driven
- Includes four unique MAPP Assessments





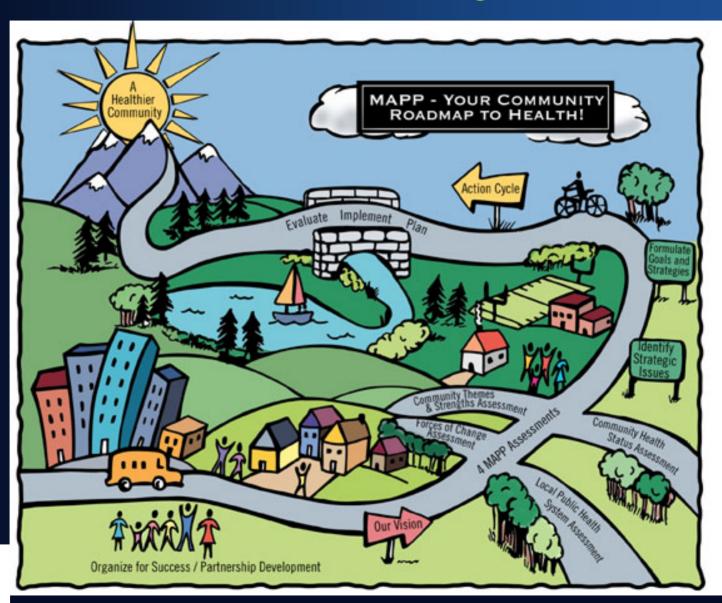
The MAPP Model







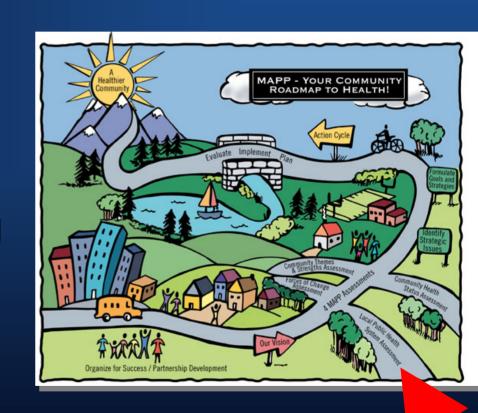
The MAPP Community Roadmap





NPHPSP and MAPP

- NPHPSP Local Instrument used within MAPP
- MAPP provides the process for addressing strengths and weaknesses
- MAPP includes three other assessments





Connections to Other Initiatives

- Other initiatives that use the Essential Services
- **Healthy People 2010**
- Turning Point
- Bioterrorism and emergency response
- CDC BT cooperative agreement
 - Focus Area A





Statewide Activities Pilot / Field Test States Currently using or planning for use statewide SAFER • HEALTHIER • PEOPLE™

Resources

- www.phppo.cdc.gov/nphpsp
 - The three instruments
 - User Guide
 - Frequently Asked Questions
 - Sample reports
 - Glossary
- Competency Handbook
- MAPP at mapp.naccho.org
- www.phf.org/PerformanceTools/NPHPSPtoolsEPHS.pdf
- CDC and partner staff
- CDC help line 1-800-PHPPO-49 or phpsp@cdc.gov



